207.170-3

Multiple award contract means—

- (1) A multiple award schedule issued by the General Services Administration as described in FAR Subpart 8.4;
- (2) A multiple award task order or delivery order contract issued in accordance with FAR Subpart 16.5; or
- (3) Any other indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity contract that an agency enters into with two or more sources for the same line item under the same solicitation.

[69 FR 55987, Sept. 17, 2004]

207.170-3 Policy and procedures.

- (a) Agencies shall not consolidate contract requirements with a total value exceeding \$5,000,000 unless the acquisition strategy includes—
 - (1) The results of market research;
- (2) Identification of any alternative contracting approaches that would involve a lesser degree of consolidation; and
- (3) A determination by the senior procurement executive that the consolidation is necessary and justified.
- (i) Market research may indicate that consolidation of contract requirements is necessary and justified if the benefits of the acquisition strategy substantially exceed the benefits of each of the possible alternative contracting approaches. Benefits include costs and, regardless of whether quantifiable in dollar amounts—
 - (A) Quality;
 - (B) Acquisition cycle;
 - (C) Terms and conditions; and
 - (D) Any other benefit.
- (ii) Savings in administrative or personnel costs alone do not constitute a sufficient justification for a consolidation of contract requirements unless the total amount of the cost savings is expected to be substantial in relation to the total cost of the procurement.
- (b) Include the determination made in accordance with paragraph (a)(3) of this section in the contract file.

[69 FR 55987, Sept. 17, 2004]

Subpart 207.4—Equipment Lease or Purchase

207.401 Acquisition considerations.

If the equipment will be leased for more than 60 days, the requiring activ-

ity must prepare and provide the contracting officer with the justification supporting the decision to lease or purchase.

207.470 Statutory requirements.

- (a) Limitation on contracts with terms of 18 months or more. As required by 10 U.S.C. 2401a, the contracting officer shall not enter into any contract for any vessel, aircraft, or vehicle, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement with a term of 18 months or more, or extend or renew any such contract for a term of 18 months or more, unless the head of the contracting activity has—
- (1) Considered all costs of such a contract (including estimated termination liability); and
- (2) Determined in writing that the contract is in the best interest of the Government.
- (b) Leasing of commercial vehicles and associated equipment. Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, the contracting officer may use leasing in the acquisition of commercial vehicles and associated equipment when ever the contracting officer determines that leasing of such vehicles is practicable and efficient (10 US.C. 2401a).

[61 FR 16879, Apr. 18, 1996, as amended at 61 FR 50451, Sept. 26, 1996]

207.471 Funding requirements.

- (a) Fund leases in accordance with DoD Financial Management Regulation (FMR) 7000.14-R, Volume 2A, Chapter 1.
- (b) DoD leases are either capital leases or operating leases. The difference between the two types of leases is described in FMR 7000.14-R, Volume 4, Chapter 7, Section 070207.
- (c) Capital leases are essentially installment purchases of property. Use procurement funds for capital leases.

 $[64\ {\rm FR}\ 31732,\ {\rm June}\ 14,\ 1999,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 66\ {\rm FR}\ 55121,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 1,\ 2001]$

Subpart 207.5—Inherently Governmental Functions

Source: 70 FR 14573, Mar. 23, 2005, unless otherwise noted.